

Equality Impact and Needs Assessment Form

Section One – Screening

Name of strategy, policy or project:
Northumberland Place, Teignmouth; Enhancement Scheme
Directorate and service area:
Environment
Name and contact details of officer completing assessment:
Graham Heath, Devon House, Brunel Road, Newton Abbot; 01626 206377
1. What is the main purpose of the strategy/policy/project (or the changes you want to make to it)?
Major highway enhancement and safety scheme
2. What are the main activities of the strategy/policy/project?
Highway safety and environmental improvements
3. Who is intended to benefit from the strategy/policy/project, and how?
All highway users, local residents and visitors, local businesses
4. Is the strategy/policy/project consistent with the Council's equality policies?
Yes
5. Is responsibility for the strategy/policy/project shared with another department, authority or organisation? If so, what responsibility and which bodies?
The scheme has been developed following consultation with Teignmouth Town Council, and the the local business community.

6. What impact is the strategy/policy/project likely to have on different sections of the community? You may wish to use the table below as a prompt.

	Positive impact – it could benefit ✓ (check box)	Negative impact – it could disadvantage ✓ (check box)	Reason	Are there additional factors that could contribute to the experience of isolation¹? If so, what are they?	Evidence
Gender					
• Women	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
• Men	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
Ethnic Group					
• Asian or Asian British people	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
• Black or Black British people	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
• Chinese people	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
• Gypsy or Roma People	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
• Irish People	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
• People of Mixed Heritage	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
• White People	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
• People of other ethnic backgrounds	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
Asylum Seekers and Refugees	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
People with physical, sensory or learning	/	<input type="checkbox"/>	Improved road crossing facilities;		

¹ Refer to section 3 of the EINA guidance.

	Positive impact – it could benefit ✓ (check box)	Negative impact – it could disadvantage ✓ (check box)	Reason	Are there additional factors that could contribute to the experience of isolation¹? If so, what are they?	Evidence
disabilities			disabled parking facilities; improved access to shops.		
Deaf People who use British Sign Language	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
People with mental health issues	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
Lesbians, gay men and bisexual people	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
Trans people	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
Age					
• Older people (60 +)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
• Younger people (17-25) and children	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
People of different faith groups or beliefs including non-believers	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
Travellers	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
Other (please specify)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
Other (please specify)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			

Notes:

- Faith groups cover a wide range of groupings, the most common of which are Muslims, Buddhists, Jews, Christians, Sikhs and Hindus. Consider faith categories individually and collectively when assessing positive and negative impacts.

- The categories relating to ethnicity include those used in the 2001 census. Consideration should be given to the needs of specific communities within the broad categories such as Bangladeshi people and to the needs of other communities such as Turkish/Turkish Cypriot, Greek/Greek Cypriot and Polish that do not appear as separate categories in the census.
- An adverse impact does not necessarily require action to be taken. Actions must remain in proportion with the benefits that could be achieved and resources available to complete them. If adverse impacts are identified and actions for improvement are not proportionate, the reasons for not taking action should be detailed and open to challenge.

7. If you have indicated there is a negative impact on any group, is that impact:		
Legal?	YES <input type="checkbox"/>	NO <input type="checkbox"/>
<i>(i.e. it is not discriminatory under anti-discriminatory legislation – refer to the Council’s website or your Directorate Equality Representative if guidance is needed)</i>		
Intended?	YES <input type="checkbox"/>	NO <input type="checkbox"/>
Level of impact	HIGH <input type="checkbox"/>	LOW <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
If the negative impact is possibly discriminatory and not intended and/or of high impact you must complete section two of this form. If not, complete the rest of section one below and consider if completing section two would be helpful in making a thorough assessment.		
8. a) Could you minimise or remove any negative impact that is of low significance? Explain how:		
b) Could you improve the strategy, project or policy’s positive impact? Explain how: <i>You may wish to use the action sheet at the end of Section Two.</i>		
9. If there is no evidence that the strategy, policy or project promotes equality, equal opportunities or improved relations – could it be adapted so that it does? How?		

Please sign and date this form. Keep one copy, send a copy to your Directorate Equality Representative and publish the results on the Council’s website.

Signed: Graham Heath
Date: 03/01/06