

Factsheet 2b – 07 April 08 (2 pages)

**Charges for Residential and Nursing Care**  
Part of the Care Home series (10a, 10b, 10c and 2b)

When you are assessed as needing residential or nursing home care, the weekly charge for your **accommodation** will be worked out by an assessment based on the financial details you supply. **What you will have to pay depends on your financial circumstances:**

**Long term care**

<b>More than £22,250 (capital and savings) including the value of your home</b>	You will have to pay the full agreed fee for your accommodation. However, the value of your home may be excluded for up to 12 weeks. See: <b>Deferring payments for residential and nursing care</b> below.
<b>Up to £22,250 (capital and savings) including the value of your home</b>	The amount you are required to pay will be based on your weekly income (including pensions, benefits and other income). <b>The first £13,500 of your savings is disregarded.</b> You will be required to contribute a further £1 a week for every complete, or part of, £250 of capital that you have over £13,500, in addition to the agreed payment from the weekly income you receive from other sources.

**Short term and Respite Care**

<b>More than £22,250 (capital and savings) excluding the value of your home</b>	You will have to pay the full cost of your care home fees.
<b>Up to £22,250 (capital and savings) excluding the value of your home</b>	Your income will be assessed in a similar way as long term care and an allowance will be made for your ongoing home expenses. For example rent, council tax.

**Deferring payments for residential and nursing care**

When you do not have sufficient income or other assets to pay the full cost of your residential or nursing home care, you may have to sell your home in order to pay the fees. For the first **12 weeks** in residential care the value of your home is disregarded, so, you need only contribute your available income and/or capital and savings for this period.

After the **12 week** property disregard period has expired, you will be required to meet the full cost of your accommodation. Devon County Council can, by way of a deferred payment agreement, pay the difference between the charge required on your available income and the full cost of the accommodation. If this applies to you, you will be given further information.

You may be considering moving into a home which is more than Devon County Council would reasonably expect to pay. This is possible if someone such as a friend, relative or charity can top up

your care home fees. This third party must agree to make the payments for the whole of your stay. If at any time they are unable to pay this amount you could be asked to move to another home.

**For more information about:**

- the financial assessment process, contact **Care Direct on 0845 1551 007**.
- going into residential care see our factsheets: FS10a ***What to look for in a Care Home***, FS10b ***Moving into a Care Home*** and FS10c ***Paying for your Residential Care***

A large print version of this factsheet is available on [www.devon.gov.uk/largeprint-factsheets](http://www.devon.gov.uk/largeprint-factsheets) but if you would like it in a different format such as Braille or tape, or in a different language, please contact our Customer Service Centre on 0845 155 1015 or email [customer@devon.gov.uk](mailto:customer@devon.gov.uk).

