

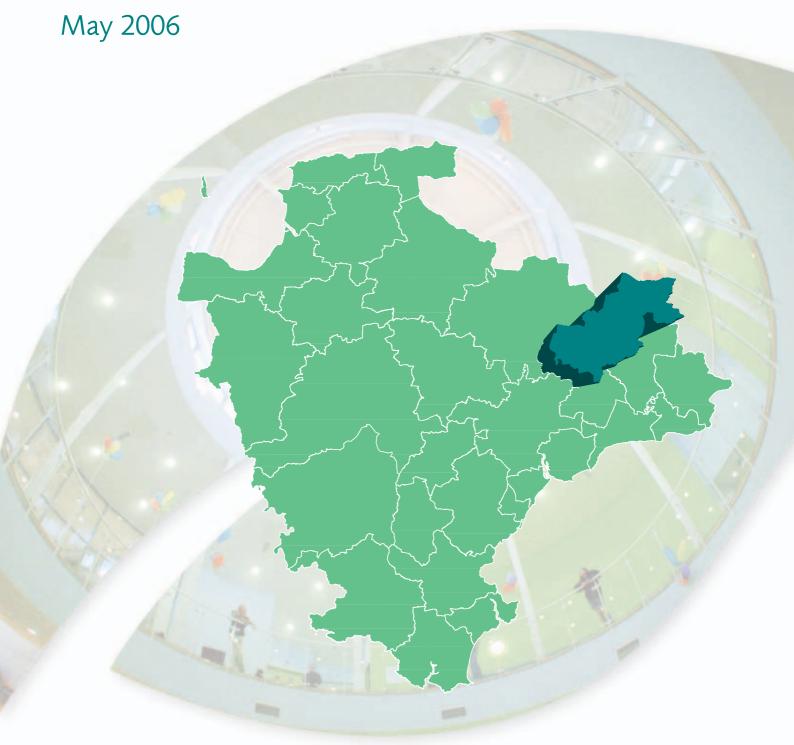
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Cullompton

Devon Town Baseline Profile

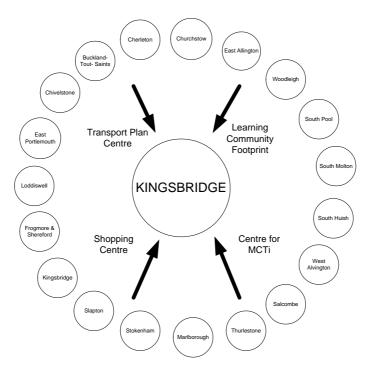


Identifying Devon Towns

The main factor that decides a town's hinterland is provision of services; the place that the hinterland looks to in order to provide the things it needs to survive. In order to identify the 28 Devon Towns, analysis of the following services and other relevant factors have been taken into account:

- Local Travel Plans which are based on public consultation and map local travel
 patterns, the majority of which are short ones in and around local communities as part
 of people's daily lives.
- Shopping catchment areas which are the service most frequently accessed by people.
- Learning Community catchment areas which have a major influence on where people look to for services. Learning Community catchments do not always follow district or even county boundaries, but are based on a collection of feeder primary schools.
- Market and Coastal Towns Initiative areas The Market and Coastal Towns Initiative
 was started after recognition that the health of a market town is vital to the well being
 of its hinterland, and that many of Devon's market towns were in need of
 regeneration. It is a Central Government initiative, administered by the RDAs. Over
 half of Devon is included in the Market and Coastal Towns Initiative.
- Parishes The boundary definitions are shown in terms of parishes, as they are traditionally the smallest area used for 'clustering'.

The diagram below is an illustration of how this works for one Devon Town: Kingsbridge.



Exeter also provides a similar or related "market town" function as well as being a sub regional centre with a larger sphere of influence.

Foreword

In Devon, we want a county for everyone.

We want all to share in our economic prosperity, to have access to the best possible public services and to enjoy a good quality of life.

Our county is made up of many small and scattered communities built around larger market and coastal towns and the vibrant city of Exeter.



To make sure that the County Council and other agencies provide a good service to all these diverse communities and can meet their future needs, we need to fully understand and take into account the local situation and any local issues.

We call this initiative "Connecting with Communities" and it is a key part of our Strategic Plan for the future of Devon.

To help, we have produced a local profile of each of the key market and coastal towns in Devon and their surrounding area.

Based on key facts and figures, these profiles are just a starting point for local discussion about the real needs and priorities of each of our communities.

I hope you find this information useful and that it proves an invaluable resource in all future local planning.

Councillor Des Hannon Executive Support Member for Improvement and Customer Service Devon County Council

Introduction

This profile, one of 29 covering the area of Devon County Council, has been generated by the County Council's Corporate Information Service and is an important resource contribution to local community planning work.

Each profile provides a statistical overview, based on a series of facts and figures, of what life is like in each "Devon town" area. The profile contains a baseline of information and is intended to provide the basis for further discussion and development within the County Council and with partners.

In light of these discussions the profile can grow into a more rounded picture describing "how things are" for each area, as well as to set out the likely future actions that will be needed to redress any gaps in service or unmet needs.

The profile is structured around a series of themes to cover social, economic and environmental well being. This is a starting point in producing profiles about our "Devon town" areas in which considerable effort has been made to provide a comprehensive series of data. Further data will be added to subsequent editions as they become available to provide a more complete picture and monitor trends.

The profiles are available on the County Council website – www.devon.gov.uk/devontownprofiles

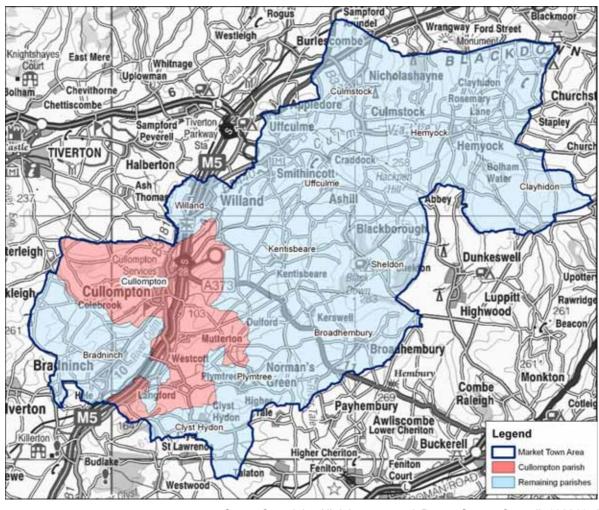
Area definition

Market town areas have been defined as aggregations of parishes. The following 12 parishes make up the Cullompton market town area:

Bradninch Broadhembury Clayhidon Clyst Hydon Cullompton Culmstock Kentisbeare Plymtree Sheldon

Uffculme Willand

Broadhembury, Clyst Hydon, Plymtree and Sheldon fall in East Devon District whilst the rest are in Mid Devon District.



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As much of the data included in this profile is produced at a ward level, a 'best-fit' of wards is also used. Wards are included in one market town area if more than 60% of the population of that ward live within the market town boundary. If between 40% and 60% of a ward's population falls within a market town area it will be included, but may also be included in another area.

The wards that comprise the market town area in this profile are as follows:

Bradninch Cullompton North Cullompton Outer Cullompton South
Lower Culm Tale Vale Upper Culm

Five wards fall completely inside the market town boundary. With over 90% of the population of Cullompton Outer ward and over 50% of Tale Vale ward living inside the boundary these wards are also included in the 'best-fit' for the purposes of this profile – Tale Vale also appears in the Honiton profile.

Each market town area is comprised of a centre (coloured red) and its surrounding hinterland (referred to as the "Remaining parishes" throughout this document). The centre for this profile is considered to be the parish of Cullompton, or the two wards of Cullompton North and Cullompton South if appropriate.

Some national datasets are released using a new geographic hierarchy – Super Output Areas. The lowest level – Lower Super Output Areas (or LSOAs) – is about one third the size of a ward. These are aggregated to form Middle Super Output Areas (MSOAs). Where data are only available at Super Output Area a best-fit approach

has been adopted. There are 15 LSOAs that fall either fully or partially inside the market town area, four of which form Cullompton parish. There are three MSOAs in the market town area, one of which forms Cullompton parish. A further two provide a best fit for the remaining parishes.

Additional information has been included to provide some comparisons. All tables have data for the Mid Devon and East Devon districts and the area administered by Devon County Council – where reference is made to the county of Devon this refers to the area covered by Devon County Council, which does not include Plymouth or Torbay. Where possible data are also included at a national level, either for England or England & Wales.

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This profile makes use of data from the 1991 and 2001 Censuses. All such data is acknowledged as Crown Copyright.

Population

Summary

The structure of the population in the market town area is broadly similar to that across the district and the county. There is a slightly higher proportion of the younger working age (25-44) and 75 and the over in Cullompton parish. The surrounding hinterland has a slightly higher proportion of the older working age group (45-64).

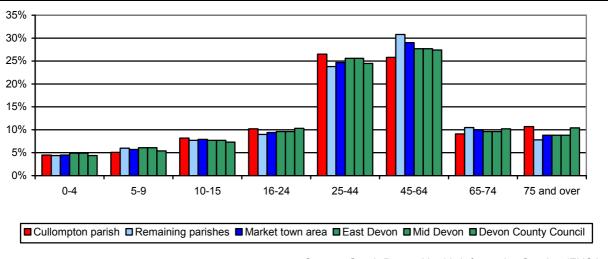
There has been significant population growth since 1991 in the area with Cullompton parish growing by about a third and more than twice the county average.

The proportion of people from minority ethnic groups in the market town area is consistent with the districts and county averages.

The level of households occupied by individuals in the market town area as a whole is slightly lower than the districts and county averages. The surrounding hinterland has a lower percentage than Cullompton parish.

Percentage of population by age band (2004)

			Age band						
	Total								75 and
Area	population	0-4	5-9	10-15	16-24	25-44	45-64	65-74	over
Cullompton parish	8,248	5.4%	5.8%	7.8%	10.5%	29.8%	25.0%	8.1%	7.8%
Remaining parishes	14,314	5.1%	6.4%	8.1%	8.9%	25.2%	28.4%	9.0%	8.8%
Market town area	22,562	5.2%	6.2%	8.0%	9.5%	26.9%	27.2%	8.7%	8.4%
East Devon	132,548	3.9%	5.1%	6.8%	8.8%	21.7%	27.4%	12.2%	14.1%
Mid Devon	74,726	4.9%	6.1%	7.7%	9.6%	25.6%	27.7%	9.6%	8.8%
Devon County Council	742,911	4.4%	5.4%	7.3%	10.3%	24.5%	27.4%	10.2%	10.4%



Source: South Devon Health Informatics Service (FHSA data)

Population change (1991 to 2004)

				% change
Area	1991	2001	2004	1991 to 2004
Cullompton parish	6,216	7,614	8,248	32.7%
Remaining parishes	11,744	13,053	14,314	21.9%
Market town area	17,960	20,667	22,562	25.6%
East Devon	115,873	125,520	132,548	14.4%
Mid Devon	64,258	69,774	74,726	16.3%
Devon County Council	646,903	704,493	742,911	14.8%

Source: 1991 and 2001 Census, 2004 South Devon Health Informatics Service (FHSA data)

Ethnicity (2001)

		Ethnic Group							
		Black and %							
Area	All People	White	% White	minority ethnic	minority ethnic				
Cullompton parish	7,614	7,550	99.2%	64	0.8%				
Remaining parishes	13,053	12,930	99.1%	123	0.9%				
Market town area	20,667	20,480	99.1%	187	0.9%				
East Devon	125,520	124,594	99.3%	926	0.7%				
Mid Devon	69,774	69,220	99.2%	554	0.8%				
Devon County Council	704,493	696,590	98.9%	7,903	1.1%				
England	49,138,831	44,679,361	90.9%	4,459,470	9.1%				

Source: 2001 Census

Household composition (2001)

	Single person Households comprising households more than one person				
Area	households	Number	%	Number	%
Cullompton parish	3,099	814	26.3%	2,285	73.7%
Remaining parishes	5,360	1,329	24.8%	4,031	75.2%
Market town area	8,459	2,143	25.3%	6,316	74.7%
East Devon	55,011	16,334	29.7%	38,677	70.3%
Mid Devon	28,928	7,719	26.7%	21,209	73.3%
Devon County Council	298,574	86,890 29.1%		211,684	70.9%
England	20,451,427	6,150,264	30.1%	14,301,163	69.9%

Source: 2001 Census

Deprivation

Summary

No Lower Super Output Areas (LSOA) are ranked in the most deprived 25% nationally, with two LSOAs ranked in the next 25% most deprived, eleven are in the 50-75% and two in the least deprived quartile.

The principal source of deprivation data is currently The Indices of Deprivation 2004. This is a Lower Super Output Area (LSOA) level measure of multiple deprivation and is made up of seven domains. A LSOA is an area of about 1,500 people and has been devised to standardise statistical geography across the country. The seven domains are:

- Income Deprivation
- Employment Deprivation
- Health Deprivation and Disability
- Education, Skills and Training Deprivation
- Barriers to Housing and Services
- Living Environment Deprivation
- Crime

There are two supplementary Indices (Income Deprivation Affecting Children and Income Deprivation Affecting Older People).

The model which underpins the Index of Deprivation 2004 is based on the idea of distinct dimensions of deprivation which can be recognised and measured separately. These are experienced by individuals living in an area. Where possible, the indicators relate to 2001.

The information will help target policies and funding, reinforcing the Government's drive to improve the quality of life in disadvantaged communities.

There are over 32,000 LSOAs in the 2004 index, replacing the 8,500 wards used to construct the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2000. The LSOA boundaries were determined nationally with no local input.

The 2004 index was developed from academic research undertaken by Oxford University.

The table below compares the areas in Devon ranked in the most deprived 25% nationally, in terms of the number of wards in 2000 and the number of LSOAs in 2004, together with the population of these areas.

Comparison of IMD 2000 and ID 2004

	IMD 2	000	ID 20	004
	Number of		Number of	
Area	wards	Population	LSOAs	Population
East Devon	1	3,901	0	0
Exeter	3	17,070	14	22,057
Mid Devon	0	0	1	1,652
North Devon	6	21,409	10	14,158
South Hams	1	5,458	0	0
Teignbridge	6	24,408	6	8,918
Torridge	10	22,217	3	5,731
West Devon	1	1,483	0	0
Devon County Council	28	95,946	34	52,516

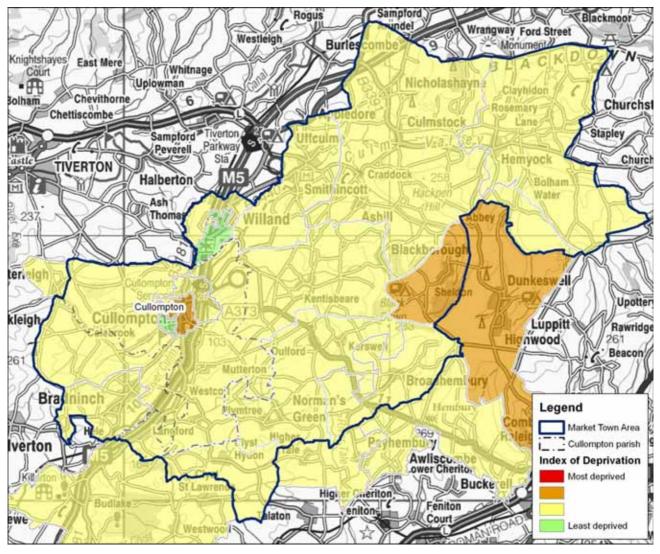
Source: Office of the Deputy Prime Minister and South Devon Health Informatics Service (FHSA data)

Application of the new index reduces the population in Devon perceived to be living in the most deprived areas by around 45%. This is probably due to the addition of crime and the living environment to the index, which in both cases the area covered by Devon County Council would have scored well compared to the national average. The reduced weighting given to the access to services domain may also be a contributing factor.

There are 15 LSOAs that fall either completely or partially within the area covered by this profile. None of these is classified as being in the most deprived 25% of LSOAs nationally. Two LSOAs fall into the next 25% - one of these are located in Cullompton. A further 11 LSOAs fall into the 50-75% most deprived areas (two of these are

in Cullompton) and the remaining two LSOAs are classified as being in the least deprived 25% of LSOAs nationally (one of these is in Cullompton).

Map of Index of Deprivation 2004



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Source: Office of the Deputy Prime Minister

The Local Economy

Summary

Unemployment levels in the Cullompton wards area are quite high compared to the districts averages and the same as the county figure.

Economic activity rates as a whole within the market town area are higher than the county and national averages and selfemployment levels in the surrounding hinterland are higher than the county and national averages and may well reflect those involved in farming.

Claim rates for Income Support are slightly higher in Cullompton parish compared to the Mid Devon figure.

Claim rates for Job Seekers Allowance in the market town area are lower than the Mid Devon, county and national averages.

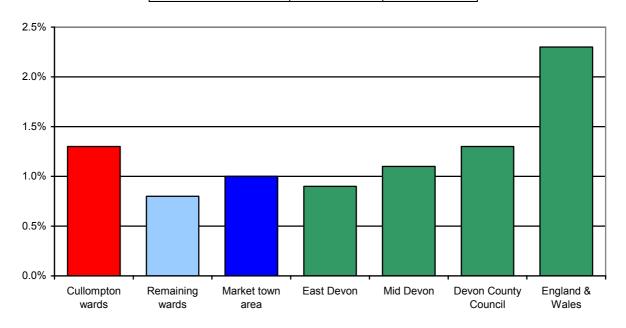
The number of households with an annual income of less than £20,000 is lower than the district and county averages.

The percentage of employment by industry sector of those living in the market town area highlights the main sectors of employment are wholesale & retail and manufacturing. This represents around 33% of employment in the market town area.

Over 40% of businesses in the market town area are involved in either manufacturing or wholesale & retail or real estate.

Unemployment as a proportion of working age resident population (April 2005)

	Number	% working age
Area	unemployed	population
Cullompton wards	58	1.3%
Remaining wards	68	0.8%
Market town area	126	1.0%
East Devon	655	0.9%
Mid Devon	477	1.1%
Devon County Council	5,445	1.3%
England & Wales	752,758	2.3%



Source: Office for National Statistics

Economic activity (2001)

	People	Total						
	aged	economically	Economically	Employed	Employed	Self-	Unem-	
Area	16 to 74	active	active	part-time	full-time	employed	ployed	Students
Cullompton parish	5,452	3,903	71.6%	18.9%	60.2%	14.9%	3.3%	2.8%
Remaining parishes	9,009	6,186	68.7%	18.7%	52.3%	22.5%	3.4%	3.1%
Market town area	14,461	10,089	69.8%	18.8%	55.3%	19.6%	3.4%	3.0%
East Devon	87,125	54,476	62.5%	21.0%	51.8%	20.5%	3.2%	3.6%
Mid Devon	49,756	34,085	68.5%	19.7%	52.9%	21.4%	3.4%	2.6%
Devon County Council	503,212	328,379	65.3%	20.5%	52.6%	19.3%	3.9%	3.6%
England	35,532,091	23,756,707	66.9%	17.7%	61.0%	12.4%	5.0%	3.9%

Source: 2001 Census

The data below relating to Income Support and Job Seekers Allowance are based on a best fit of Middle Super Output Areas (MSOAs). There are three MSOAs in the market town area, one of which forms Cullompton parish. A further two provide a best fit for the remaining parishes.

Income Support and Job Seekers Allowance claim rates (2004)

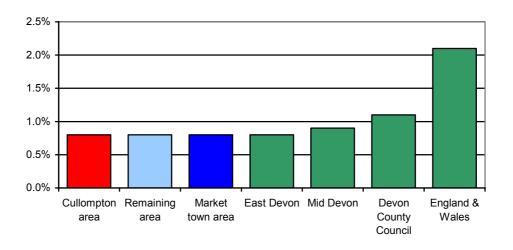
	Inco	Income Support			Jobseekers Seekers Allowance			
	Population			Population				
	aged	All	Claim	aged	All	Claim		
Area	16 to 59	claimants	rate	16 to 64	claimants	rate		
Cullompton area	4,048	180	4.4%	4,356	35	0.8%		
Remaining area	7,005	245	3.5%	7,728	60	0.8%		
Market town area	11,053	425	3.8%	12,084	95	0.8%		
East Devon	63,108	2,305	3.7%	71,191	590	0.8%		
Mid Devon	39,008	1,645	4.2%	42,954	375	0.9%		
Devon County Council	388,926	17,530	4.5%	429,574	4,765	1.1%		
England	30,694,973	1,946,020	6.3%	33,239,665	689,810	2.1%		

Income Support claim rates (2004)



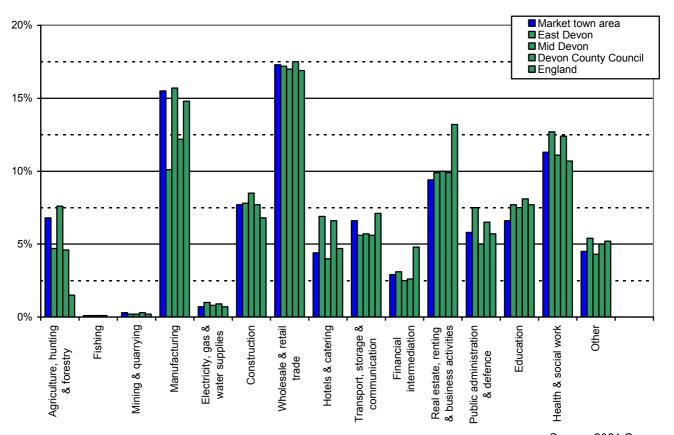
Source: Department for Work and Pensions

Job Seeker Allowance claim rates (2004)



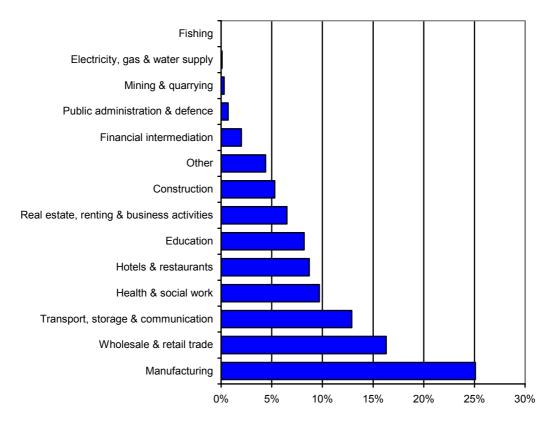
Employment of people living in the area by industry (2001)

	Cullompton	Remaining	Market	East	Mid	Devon County	
Sector	parish	parishes	town area	Devon	Devon	Council	England
Agriculture, hunting & forestry	4.2%	8.3%	6.8%	4.7%	7.2%	4.6%	1.5%
Fishing	0.1%	0.2%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.0%
Mining & quarrying	0.1%	0.3%	0.3%	0.2%	0.2%	0.3%	0.2%
Manufacturing	17.1%	14.5%	15.5%	10.1%	15.8%	12.2%	14.8%
Electricity, gas & water supplies	0.9%	0.6%	0.7%	1.0%	0.8%	0.9%	0.7%
Construction	8.0%	7.5%	7.7%	7.8%	8.4%	7.7%	6.8%
Wholesale & retail trade	18.7%	16.5%	17.3%	17.2%	17.2%	17.5%	16.9%
Hotels & catering	4.8%	4.2%	4.4%	6.9%	4.1%	6.6%	4.7%
Transport, storage & communication	7.8%	5.9%	6.6%	5.6%	5.7%	5.6%	7.1%
Financial intermediation	3.1%	2.8%	2.9%	3.1%	2.6%	2.6%	4.8%
Real estate, renting & business activities	8.2%	10.1%	9.4%	9.9%	10.0%	9.9%	13.2%
Public administration & defence	6.0%	5.6%	5.8%	7.5%	5.0%	6.5%	5.7%
Education	5.7%	7.2%	6.6%	7.7%	7.5%	8.1%	7.7%
Health & social work	11.2%	11.4%	11.3%	12.7%	11.1%	12.4%	10.7%
Other	4.1%	4.7%	4.5%	5.4%	4.3%	5.0%	5.2%



Source: 2001 Census

Percentage of businesses in profile area by Standard Industrial Classification (2004)



Source: Annual Business Inquiry

Skills and Learning

Summary

Children living in areas other than Cullompton parish achieve significantly higher results at Key Stage 2 than those that live in the parish. English and Maths in the market town area are just above the national average but Science is a just below.

Achievement rates for GCSEs at grades A* to C were also better for children living outside of Cullompton parish but overall results are better than the county figure.

The overall level of qualification within the market town area is similar to the district and county averages. However, the proportion of people with no or level 1 qualifications are noticeably higher in Cullompton parish. Cullompton parish also has a smaller proportion of people with the highest level of qualification.

Number and percentage of pupils achieving at least Key Stage 2 Level 4 (2004)

		English		ľ	Maths	Science	
Area	Total pupils	Number	% pupils	Number	% pupils	Number	% pupils
Cullompton parish	100	79	79.0%	71	71.0%	79	79.0%
Remaining parishes	168	145	86.3%	135	80.4%	148	88.1%
Market town area	268	224	83.6%	206	76.9%	227	84.7%
East Devon	1,310	1,066	81.4%	1,041	79.5%	1,166	89.0%
Mid Devon	877	684	78.0%	636	72.5%	747	85.2%
Devon County Council	7,781	6,030	77.5%	5,766	74.1%	6,803	87.4%
England			75.0%		73.0%		86.0%

Source: Children and Young People's Services, Devon County Council

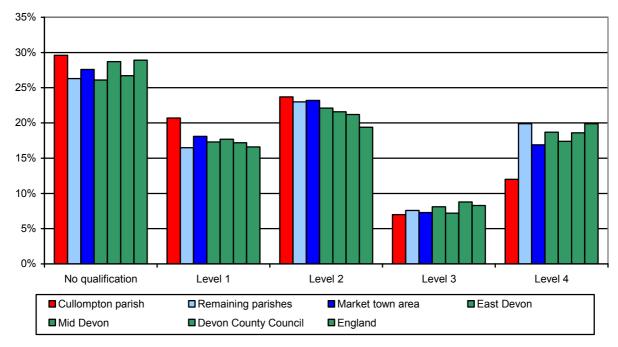
GCSE attainment (2002/03)

Area	Number of students	Students achieving five or more A*-C	% students achieving five or more A*-C	Students achieving five or more A*-G	% students achieving five or more A*-G
Cullompton parish	92	49	53.3%	89	96.7%
Remaining parishes	172	120	69.8%	165	95.9%
Market town area	264	169	64.0%	254	96.2%
East Devon	1,168	655	56.1%	1,082	92.6%
Mid Devon	791	458	57.9%	734	92.8%
Devon County Council	6,955	3,741	53.8%	6,484	93.2%
England			52.9%		88.8%

Source: Children and Young People's Services, Devon County Council

Highest level of qualification (2001)

	No					
Area	qualifications	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Other
Cullompton parish	29.6%	20.7%	23.7%	7.0%	12.0%	7.1%
Remaining parishes	26.3%	16.5%	23.0%	7.6%	19.9%	6.8%
Market town area	27.6%	18.1%	23.2%	7.3%	16.9%	6.9%
East Devon	26.1%	17.3%	22.1%	8.1%	18.7%	7.7%
Mid Devon	28.7%	17.7%	21.6%	7.2%	17.4%	7.4%
Devon County Council	26.7%	17.2%	21.2%	8.8%	18.6%	7.6%
England	28.9%	16.6%	19.4%	8.3%	19.9%	6.9%



Source: 2001 Census

Note:

Level 1: 1+'O' level passes, 1 CSE/GCSE any grades, NVQ level 1, Foundation GNVQ.

Level 2: 5+'O' level passes, 5+CSE's (grade A-C), School Certificate, 1+'A' levels/'AS' levels, NVQ level 2, Intermediate GNVQ.

Level 3: 2+ 'A' levels, 4+'AS' levels, Higher School Certificate, NVQ level 3, Advanced GNVQ.

Level 4: First degree, Higher degree, NVQ levels 4 and 5, HNC, HND, Qualified Teacher Status, Qualified, Medical Doctor, Qualified Dentist, Qualified Nurse, Midwife, Health Visitor.

Health, Care and Wellbeing

Summary

Incapacity Benefit and Severe Disablement Allowance claim rates are about average.

Claim rates for Disability Living Allowance within the market town area are similar to the district and county averages.

The percentage of people living with a limiting long-term illness within the market town area is similar to the district and county averages. The same is true for the general health indicator.

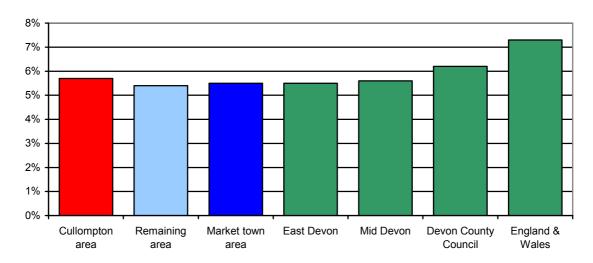
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Incapacity Benefit & Severe Disablement Allowance and Disability Living Allowance claimant rates (2004)

	Incapacity Benefit & Severe Disablement Allowance			Disability Living Allowance		
	Population		- Turnou			
	aged	All	Claim	Total	All	Claim
Area	16 to 64	claimants	rate	population	claimants	rate
Cullompton area	4,356	250	5.7%	6,910	260	3.8%
Remaining area	7,728	420	5.4%	12,603	375	3.0%
Market town area	12,084	670	5.5%	19,513	635	3.3%
East Devon	71,191	3,890	5.5%	125,531	3,880	3.1%
Mid Devon	42,954	2,410	5.6%	69,798	2,275	3.3%
Devon County Council	429,574	26,670	6.2%	704,510	25,645	3.6%
England & Wales	33,239,665	2,421,940	7.3%	52,042,019	2,341,615	4.5%

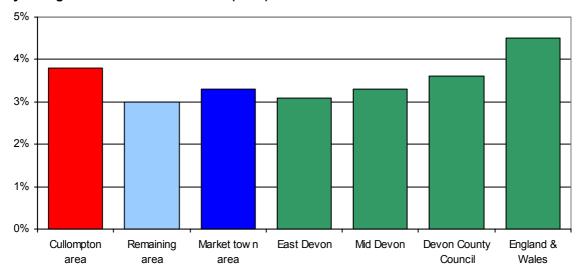
Source: Department for Work and Pensions

Incapacity Benefit and Severe Disablement Allowance claimant rates (2004)



Source: Department for Work and Pensions

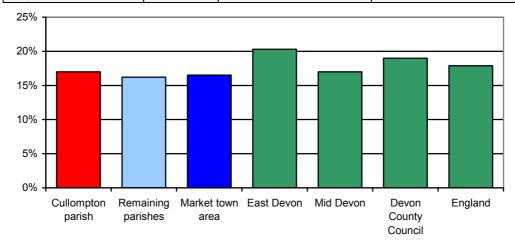
Disability Living Allowance claimant rates (2004)



Source: Department for Work and Pensions

Percentage of people living with a limiting long-term illness (2001)

		People living with a	% people living with a
Area	All people	limiting long-term illness	limiting long-term illness
Cullompton parish	7,609	1,292	17.0%
Remaining parishes	13,145	2,127	16.2%
Market town area	20,754	3,419	16.5%
East Devon	125,520	25,497	20.3%
Mid Devon	69,774	11,875	17.0%
Devon County Council	704,493	133,756	19.0%
England	49,138,831	8,809,194	17.9%



Source: 2001 Census

General health (2001)

		People describing their health as good or fairly good			scribing their s not good
Area	All people	Number	%	Number	%
Cullompton parish	7,609	7,030	92.4%	579	7.6%
Remaining parishes	13,145	12,232	93.1%	913	6.9%
Market town area	20,754	19,262	92.8%	1,492	7.2%
East Devon	125,520	114,558	91.3%	10,962	8.7%
Mid Devon	69,774	64,430	92.3%	5,344	7.7%
Devon County Council	704,493	643,988	91.4%	60,505	8.6%
England	49,138,831	44,702,955	91.0%	4,435,876	9.0%

Source: 2001 Census

Older People

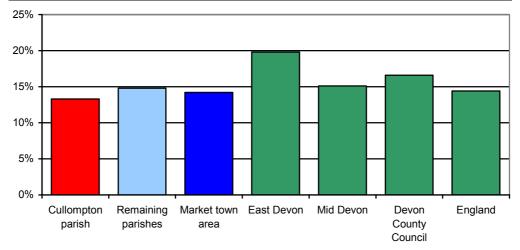
Summary

The level of households occupied by lone pensioners in the market town area is lower than all comparisons.

The rate of Social Services clients is slightly higher in Cullompton parish compared to the East Devon district and county averages.

Percentage of lone pensioner households (2001)

	Total	Households occupied	% households occupied
Area	households	by lone pensioners	by lone pensioners
Cullompton parish	3,099	412	13.3%
Remaining parishes	5,360	792	14.8%
Market town area	8,459	1,204	14.2%
East Devon	55,011	10,883	19.8%
Mid Devon	28,928	4,355	15.1%
Devon County Council	298,576	49,466	16.6%
England	20,451,427	2,939,465	14.4%



Source: 2001 Census.

Number of Social Services clients per 1,000 population (2004)

	Clients by age group per 1,000 population of the same age group					
Area	50-64	50-64 65-74 75-84 85 and over				
Cullompton parish	16.0	64.7	169.9	615.4		
Remaining parishes	11.3	33.4	121.3	352.4		
Market town area	12.9	44.0	137.4	444.2		
East Devon	13.8	33.0	114.2	363.1		
Mid Devon	16.1	40.0	152.7	460.5		
Devon County Council	14.9	40.6	142.0	460.3		

Source: Adult and Community Services, Devon County Council

Children and Young People

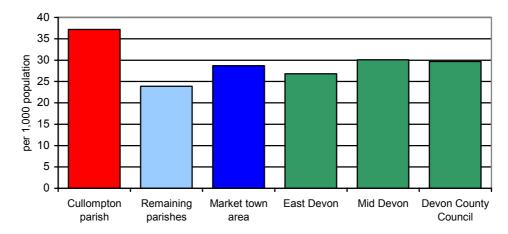
Summary

The proportion of children in need is slightly above the averages for the district and county in the centre parish. The average for the surrounding hinterland is lower than the district and county averages.

The proportion of young offenders is slightly lower than the district and county average.

Children in need aged 0 to 17 years per 1,000 population aged 0 to 17 years (2003/04)

Area	Number of children aged 0 to 17	Number of children in need aged 0 to 17	Children in need aged 0 to 17 per 1,000 population aged 0 to 17
Cullompton parish	1,801	67	37.2
Remaining parishes	3,179	76	23.9
Market town area	4,980	143	28.7
East Devon	23,984	642	26.8
Mid Devon	15,931	479	30.1
Devon County Council	145,459	4,317	29.7



Source: Children and Young People's Services, Devon County Council

Young offenders aged 10 to 17 years per 1,000 population aged 10 to 17 years (2000 to 2002)

Area	2000	2001	2002
Cullompton wards	24.0	22.6	15.5
Remaining wards	12.9	15.3	14.3
Market town area	16.2	17.3	14.5
East Devon	12.3	12.5	15.2
Mid Devon	17.2	17.6	16.6
Devon County Council	14.2	20.0	19.3

Source: Youth Offending Team

Community Safety

Summary

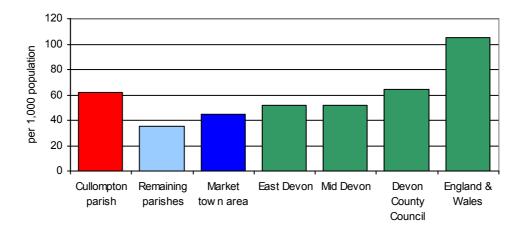
The rates of crime in all categories apart from vehicle crime are highest in Cullompton parish but generally below the county figure.

All crimes in the market town are below the national figure.

Data comprises addressable data only, and as such rates are based on approx 92% of all crime.

Total crime per 1,000 population (2004/05)

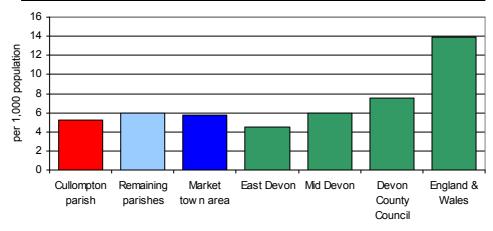
Area	Population	Total number of crimes	Crimes per 1,000 population
			' '
Cullompton parish	8,248	509	61.7
Remaining parishes	14,314	502	35.1
Market town area	22,562	1,011	44.8
East Devon	132,548	6,839	51.6
Mid Devon	74,726	3,839	51.4
Devon County Council	742,911	47,612	64.1
England & Wales	53,045,600	5,562,700	104.9



Source: Devon & Cornwall Constabulary (Amethyst)

Vehicle crime per 1,000 population (2004/05)

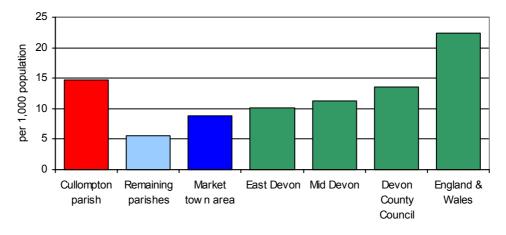
Area	Population	Number of vehicle crimes	Vehicle crimes per 1,000 population
Cullompton parish	8,248	43	5.2
Remaining parishes	14,314	86	6.0
Market town area	22,562	129	5.7
East Devon	132,548	597	4.5
Mid Devon	74,726	452	6.0
Devon County Council	742,911	5,594	7.5
England & Wales	53,045,600	738,500	13.9



Source: Devon & Cornwall Constabulary (Amethyst)

Violent crime per 1,000 population (2004/05)

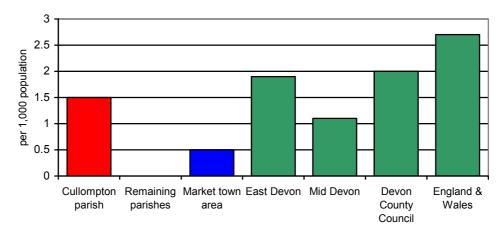
		Number of	Violent crimes per
Area	Population	violent crimes	1,000 population
Cullompton parish	8,248	121	14.7
Remaining parishes	14,314	79	5.5
Market town area	22,562	200	8.9
East Devon	132,548	1,334	10.1
Mid Devon	74,726	840	11.2
Devon County Council	742,911	10,138	13.6
England & Wales	53,045,600	1,185,700	22.4



Source: Devon & Cornwall Constabulary (Amethyst)

Drug offences per 1,000 population (2004/05)

	5	Number of drug	Drug offences per
Area	Population	offences	1,000 population
Cullompton parish	8,248	12	1.5
Remaining parishes	14,314	-	-
Market town area	22,562	12	0.5
East Devon	132,548	258	1.9
Mid Devon	74,726	84	1.1
Devon County Council	742,911	1,492	2.0
England & Wales	53,045,600	142,300	2.7

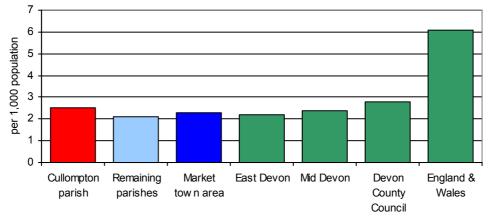


Note: It is not possible to provide a breakdown for remaining parishes due to small counts.

Source: Devon & Cornwall Constabulary (Amethyst)

Dwelling burglaries per 1,000 population (2004/05)

		Number of dwelling	Dwelling burglaries per
Area	Population	burglaries	1,000 population
Cullompton parish	8,248	21	2.5
Remaining parishes	14,314	30	2.1
Market town area	22,562	51	2.3
East Devon	132,548	291	2.2
Mid Devon	74,726	178	2.4
Devon County Council	742,911	2,046	2.8
England & Wales	53,045,600	321,500	6.1



Source: Devon & Cornwall Constabulary (Amethyst)

Housing

Summary

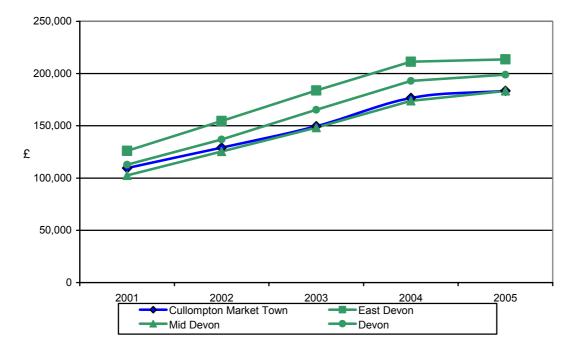
House prices in Cullompton parish are less than the rural area. The average house price in the market town area has increased by over 67% from 2001 to 2005. House prices in the market town area are consistently below the county price.

In 2004 average house prices within the market town area are lower than the county and national averages.

The dwellings by tenure figures closely match the county and national figures.

House price change (2001 to 2005)

Area	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	% change 2001 - 2005
Cullompton parish	£105,419	£123,217	£136,509	£162,910	£149,559	41.9%
Remaining Parishes	£114,395	£133,972	£160,113	£185,824	£209,036	82.7%
Market town area	£109,581	£129,169	£149,646	£176,628	£183,546	67.5%
East Devon	£126,083	£154,580	£183,781	£211,411	£213,581	69.4%
Mid Devon	£102,515	£125,530	£148,154	£173,903	£183,349	78.9%
Devon County Council	£112,752	£136,982	£165,267	£193,056	£198,835	76.3%



Source: Land Registry

Note: Data comprises sales between April and December 2001, all sales in 2002, 2003 and 2004 and from January to March 2005.

Average house price (2004)

Area	Detached	Semi-Detached	Terraced	Flat/Maisonette	Overall
Cullompton parish	£216,814	£155,052	£127,711	£105,000	£162,910
Remaining parishes	£234,564	£155,712	£139,868	£69,625	£185,824
Market town area	£228,580	£155,513	£132,871	£81,417	£176,628
East Devon	£297,030	£187,430	£166,912	£145,521	£211,411
Mid Devon	£238,510	£162,062	£135,901	£104,960	£173,927
Devon County Council	£266,940	£180,252	£157,985	£138,260	£193,045
England & Wales	£270,745	£162,379	£136,862	£168,298	£178,504

Source: Land Registry

Percentage of dwellings by tenure (2001)

			Rented accommodation			
	All	Owner	Local	Housing		
Area	households	Occupied	Authority	Association	Private	Other
Cullompton parish	3,099	72.8%	9.8%	4.7%	9.0%	3.7%
Remaining parishes	5,393	74.7%	9.0%	3.2%	8.5%	4.7%
Market town area	8,492	74.0%	9.3%	3.7%	8.7%	4.3%
East Devon	55,011	78.0%	7.4%	2.4%	8.4%	3.8%
Mid Devon	28,930	71.8%	11.0%	3.1%	9.9%	4.2%
Devon County Council	298,576	74.3%	6.8%	4.7%	10.4%	3.8%
England & Wales	20,451,427	68.7%	13.2%	6.1%	8.8%	3.2%



Source: 2001 Census

Transport

Summary

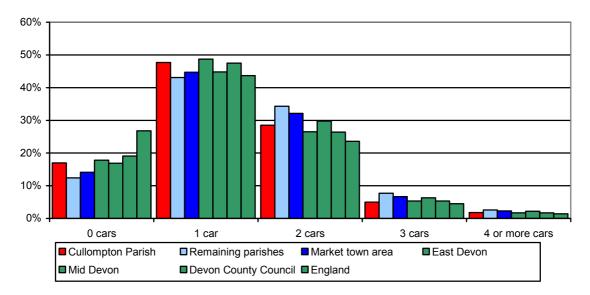
There are higher levels of car ownership outside Cullompton parish. 17% of Cullompton parish households do not have access to a car.

Around 15% of people living in the market town area work from home; this is higher in the remaining parishes and above all three comparators. Within Cullompton parish 15% of people travel to work either on foot or by bicycle, this is lower than the county average.

The percentage of households who can access an acute hospital within an hour and a GP and shops in 30 minutes using public transport is significantly lower outside Cullompton parish but not exceptionally good within the parish either.

Car ownership (2001)

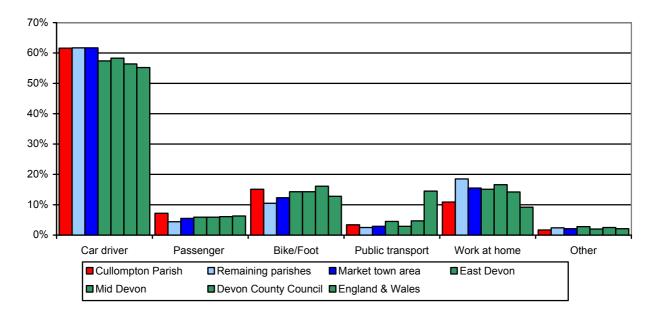
		Households with:				
Area	All households	No car	One car	Two cars	Three cars	Four or more cars
Cullompton parish	3,099	17.0%	47.7%	28.5%	5.0%	1.8%
Remaining parishes	5,398	12.4%	43.1%	34.3%	7.7%	2.6%
Market town area	8,497	14.1%	44.7%	32.1%	6.7%	2.3%
East Devon	55,011	17.8%	48.7%	26.5%	5.3%	1.7%
Mid Devon	28,930	16.9%	44.8%	29.8%	6.3%	2.2%
Devon County Council	298,576	19.1%	47.5%	26.4%	5.3%	1.7%
England	20,451,427	26.8%	43.7%	23.6%	4.5%	1.4%



Source: 2001 Census

Mode of travel to work (2001)

	All 16 74	All 16-74 Percentage of population by mode of travel to work						
Area	year olds in Employment	By car or van	Passenger in a car or van	On a bike or by foot	By public transport	Work from home	Other	
Cullompton parish	3,749	61.6%	7.2%	15.1%	3.4%	10.9%	1.7%	
Remaining parishes	5,944	61.7%	4.4%	10.5%	2.5%	18.5%	2.4%	
Market town area	9,693	61.7%	5.5%	12.3%	2.9%	15.5%	2.1%	
East Devon	52,509	57.4%	5.9%	14.3%	4.5%	15.1%	2.8%	
Mid Devon	32,847	58.3%	5.9%	14.3%	2.9%	16.6%	2.0%	
Devon County Council	314,267	56.4%	6.1%	16.1%	4.7%	14.2%	2.5%	
England	23,627,754	55.2%	6.3%	12.8%	14.5%	9.2%	2.1%	



Source: 2001 Census

The data below relating to accessibility by public transport are based on a best fit of Lower Super Output Areas (LSOAs).

Accessibility by public transport (2005)

	Nemakawat	Percentage of households that can access:				
Area	Number of households	Acute hospital within 60 minutes	GP within 30 minutes	Shops within 30 minutes		
Cullompton area	3,558	87.1%	85.8%	88.7%		
Remaining area	6,642	62.4%	75.6%	64.2%		
Market town area	10,200	71.0%	79.2%	72.7%		
East Devon	54,998	66.1%	90.0%	88.3%		
Mid Devon	28,903	60.8%	81.2%	75.9%		
Devon County Council	298,578	66.7%	86.6%	85.2%		
England	17,436,116	82.8%	95.2%	94.4%		

Source: Department for Transport

Note: Acute hospitals are establishments which provide at least minimal medical, surgical or obstetrical services for inpatient treatment and/or care, and which provide round-the-clock comprehensive qualified nursing service as well as other necessary professional services. Most patients require a relatively short stay.

The Environment – Landscape

Main Issues

In 2002 Devon County Council undertook and published a landscape appraisal of the county which included a landscape character assessment. The result of this assessment was the division of the County into 32 Landscape Character Zone. The Cullompton market town area contains two Landscape Character Zones.

Landscape Character

Landscape character is defined as a distinct and recognisable pattern of elements that occur consistently in a particular type of landscape. Character makes each part of the landscape distinct, and gives each its particular sense of place.

Landscape character has an important role to play in that it informs the Devon County Structure Plan's fundamental landscape policy (CO1), requiring that development should be informed by and sympathetic to the landscape character of the area.

In 2002 Devon County Council undertook and published a landscape appraisal of the County which included a landscape character assessment. The result of this assessment was the division of the County into 32 Landscape Character Zones (LCZs), each with their own description and distinctive key characteristic features. The Cullompton market town area contains parts of two of these LCZs. Some of the key characteristics are outlined below.

Greensand Ridges

Location - The zone occupies two separate areas in the far south east corner of the County, the two parts being separated by the Axe Valley. The larger, more westerly area stretches from the Somerset boundary in the north to the English Channel coast in the south, bounded on the west by a line between Budleigh Salterton, Ottery St Mary, Honiton and Culmstock and on the east by the Axe Valley. The smaller, eastern area abuts the Dorset boundary and covers an area bounded by Lyme Regis and Axminster but excluding the coast. The western element of this LCZ covers the eastern part of the market town area.

Designations - The whole of this zone within the market town area is covered by the national designation of the Blackdown Hills Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty (AONB).

Key Characteristic Features

- Long greensand ridges including heath and forestry, beech hedges and avenues.
- Plateau landscape on ridge tops which includes common land, parliamentary enclosures, airfields and communications structures.
- Steep valleys between ridges enclosing a varied farming landscape, with woodland, hedgerow trees and springline flushes.
- Historic farm buildings utilising local materials.
- Springline settlements.

Mid Devon Farming Belt

Location - This zone occupies the lowland heart of Devon. It stretches from the Blackdown Hills in the east to the valley of the River Okement, north of Okehampton, in the west. To the north the zone wraps itself around the middle Exe Valley. It skirts the northern edge of Exeter and includes the Exeter – Honiton corridor as well as the historic routeways to the rest of the country between Exeter and the Somerset border near Wellington. This LCZ covers the western part of the market town area.

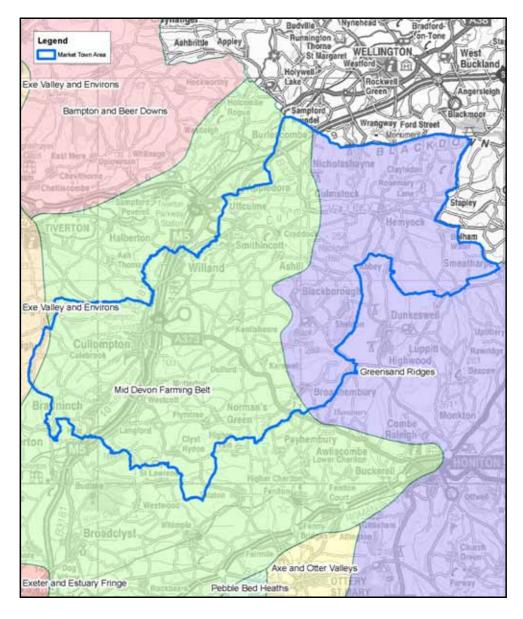
Designations - None of this zone is subject to any landscape designation.

Key Characteristics Features

- Flat or rolling mixed farmland with distinctive red soils.
- Relatively few woodlands, meaning hedgerow trees are an important landscape element.
- Major road and rail corridors: also the route of transmission lines.
- Heavily settled, by Devon standards, with many villages and scattered farms and a number of large towns.

• Cob and thatch buildings.

Landscape Character Zones within the market town area



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The Environment - Wildlife and Geology

Summary

The last 60 years have seen many dramatic changes within the English countryside, with increasing urbanisation and shifting patterns of agriculture. Devon has faired better than most, however, being protected by its remoteness and undulating terrain.

There remains much wildlife and geology to enjoy and conserve, and many opportunities exist throughout the County to enhance the natural environment. Landowners, industry and, of course, local communities all have the chance to contribute to the conservation of Devon's rich natural history.

The area around Cullompton is home to much wildlife. An agricultural landscape with many small woodlands and networks of hedgerows, collectively of considerable importance for our native flora and fauna, this area also includes a number of specific sites which are of national importance for their wildlife. This is particularly true to the east, where the influence of the Blackdown Hills comes into play. Here, extensive mosaics of wet and dry heath, mire and marshy grassland can still be found. Such habitats are now uncommon.

These habitats support many plants and animals and only a few key species can be listed here. For examples, amongst the characteristic flora of the heathlands are insectivorous plants such as round-leaved sundew and pale butterwort and an abundance of animal life is present including the pearl-bordered fritillary and diverse communities of breeding and wintering birds. Excitingly, white-clawed crayfish have recently been found in the River Culm, having not been recorded here for 16 years. This species is now only found on one other river system in Devon and is threatened by the presence of the more aggressive and plague carrying American signal crayfish.

Key sites

The table below contains information on the key features of some of the most important wildlife sites of this part of Devon. A map is also included to illustrate these.

Site name	Interest	Designation
Ashculm Turbary	Important wet heathland communities with a good fauna.	SSSI & Devon Wildlife Trust reserve
Blackdown & Sampford Commons	Extensive area of heathland, carr woodland and marshy grassland.	SSSI
Maiden Down	Lowland wet and dry heathland.	SSSI
Southey & Gotleigh Moors	Rich mosaic of valley mire, marshy grassland and carr woodland.	SSSI
Charwell Wetlands, Bradninch		LNR
Lickham Common	Wet heath, woodland and scrub.	Devon Wildlife Trust reserve

In addition to the table above, the Cullompton area has **62 County Wildlife Sites** and **County Geological Sites**. These mainly represent areas of broadleaved woodland, unimproved neutral and marshy grassland and springline mires.

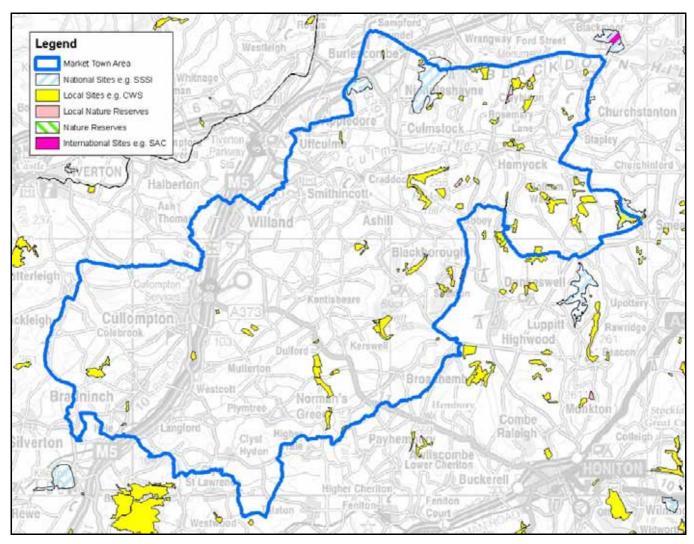
Key:

Sites of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI): these sites are notified because of their national importance for wildlife or geological features (gSSSI, above). SSSI is a statutory designation with legal implications. SSSI status does not confer any right of access to the public.

Local Nature Reserves (LNR): these are places with local wildlife or geological interest which offer good opportunities for learning about nature or simply enjoying it. LNR is a statutory designation made by local authorities.

County Wildlife Sites (CWS): these are sites of county importance for wildlife. CWS is not a statutory designation and does not have any legal status, though CWSs are usually included in district planning documents. CWS recognition places no formal obligation on the landowner, but may increase eligibility for land management grants. There are also County Geological Sites of a similar standing.

Key sites within the market town area



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