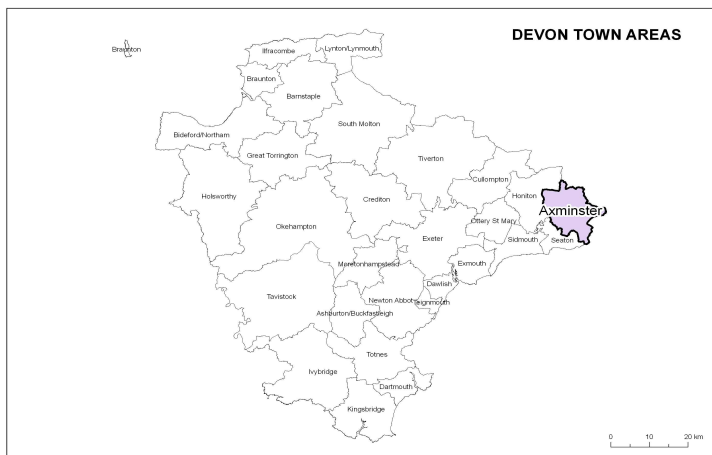


This profile has been produced in partnership across health & social care and offers an overview of the key demographic, lifestyle factors that may help understand the important areas affecting health and well-being in this Devon Town community. By bringing together a range of information across health and social care we can gain a better understanding of where there are high areas of demand on services but also where there is potentially unmet need.



This profile has been created to help stimulate discussion, not provide answers.

This map is reproduced from Ordnance Survey material with the permission of Ordnance Survey on behalf of the Controller of Her Majesty's Stationery Office © Crown copyright. Unauthorised reproduction infringes Crown copyright and may lead to prosecution or civil proceedings. 100019783. 2007

Introduction

All feedback and any questions on the information found within this profile are gratefully received. This profile will be most effective when used in conjunction with consultation and engagement with service users, carers and health and social care staff. Some of the questions you may wish to consider are:

- 1) Do you recognise the community described within the profile?
- 2) Is there any key information missing about health and social care need in the population?
- 3) Can any priority areas be identified from the story of this local area?

Please contact d-pc.strategicreview@nhs.net with any comments or questions you may have.

The pages that follow describe the key features of interest and raise some general questions and issues for further debate. The detail is presented in terms of comparison with the Devon average** and three terms are regularly used:

- Over-represented: This means there is more of a particular indicator for this Devon Town or locality when compared with the Devon average. (16% or more above the mean)
- Average: This means the indicator for this Devon Town is comparable with the overall Devon level
- Under-represented: This means there is less of a particular indicator for this Devon Town or locality when compared with the Devon average (16% or more below the mean)

***It is assumed the data values within each indicator are normally distributed. One standard deviation away from the mean has been applied to indicate over or under representation.*

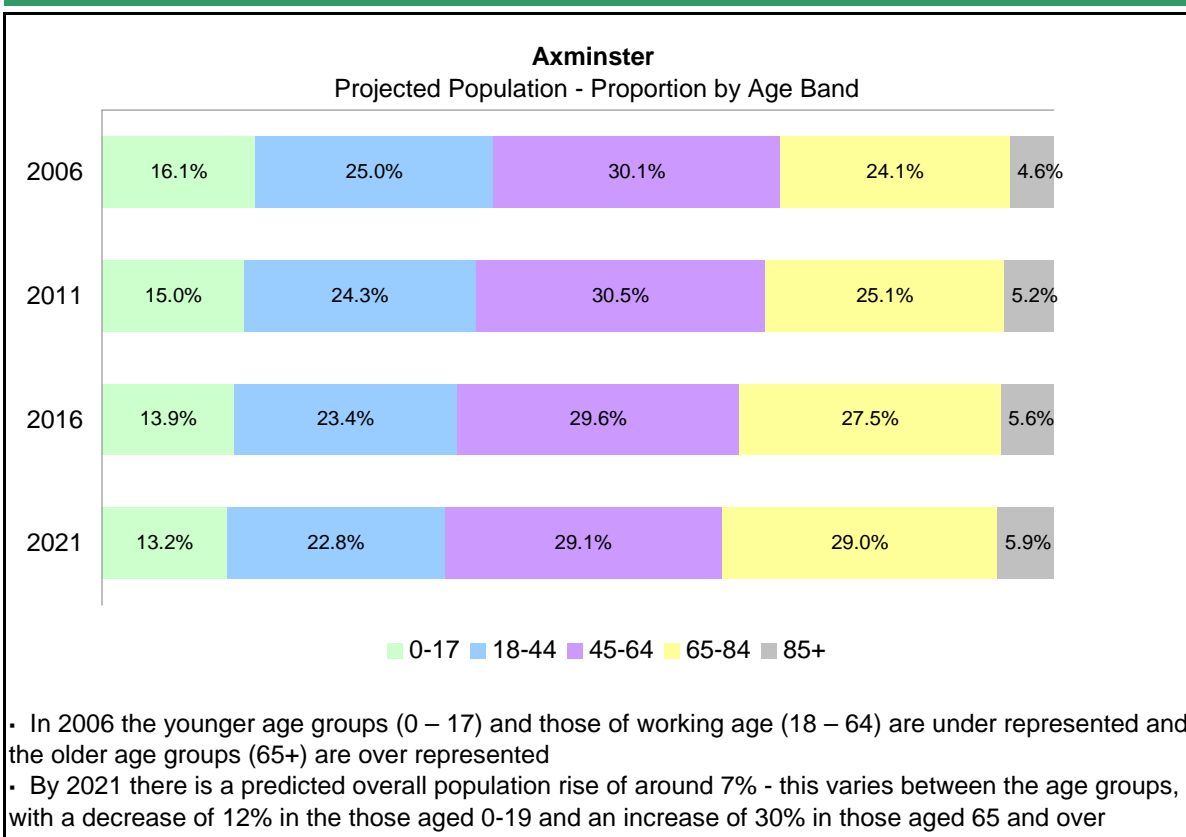
*The date of this profile refers to the year in which the information has been collated and analysed. The period the information refers to varies, i.e. Census 2001 data, financial Year 06/07 health activity etc and this should be taken into consideration when interpreting this profile.

It is important to note that over or under representation does not mean bad or good in this context, it merely expresses difference. For example, being under represented when compared to Devon in prevalence of a particular disease is a positive feature but being under represented in school attendance is a more negative one. It is important therefore that this document is read carefully and over and under representation are not confused with making judgements of good or bad.

A glossary of terms and full list of information sources used within these profiles is available upon request by contacting d-pc.strategicreview@nhs.net

What do we know about Axminster? (When compared to the Devon average)

Population Profile



Areas of Interest

- Higher proportion of lone pensioners than Devon average
- Higher proportion of household owners, with an under representation of people in privately rented accommodation.
- Low rate of Disability Living Allowance claimants when compared to the Devon average
- Over representation in the percentage of the 18-64 population who are providing unpaid care
- Second lowest crime rate (reported) in East Devon, and low when compared to the Devon average
- Axminster schools have:
 - Highest attendance rate of any Devon Town at 95%
 - A high up take up of free school meals
 - Higher than average attainment in Key Stage 2 - Level 4+ in Maths & Science

What do we know about Axminster? (When compared to the Devon average)

Indices of Multiple Deprivation - Index of Multiple Deprivation - overall index of the seven main sub-domains (listed below)

Income - Measure of persons on low incomes or dependent on state benefits

Employment - Measure of persons of working-age who are involuntarily excluded from labour market

Health - Measure of premature death, illness, hospital admissions and mental health prescribing

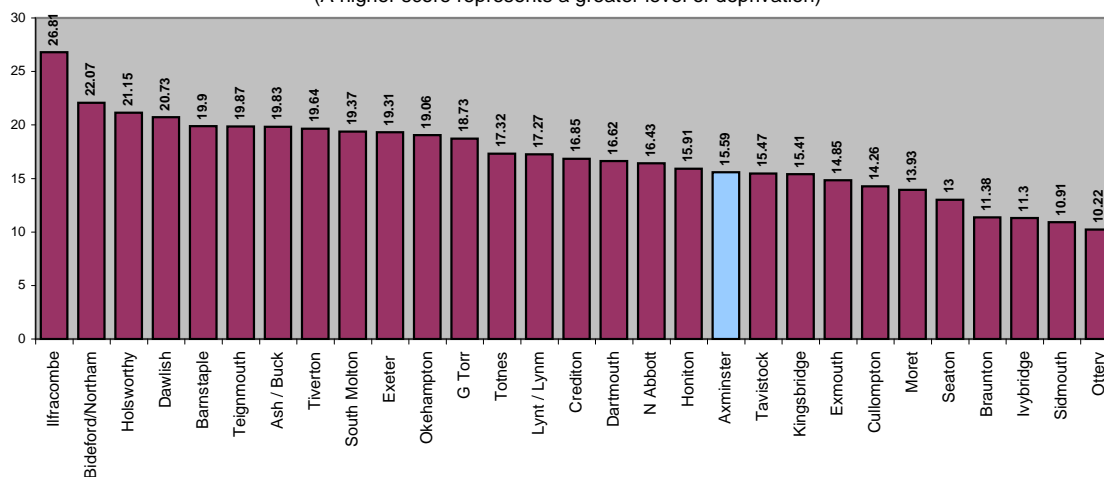
Education - Measure of educational attainment in children and skills and qualifications of adults

Barriers - Measure of distance to community facilities (GP, school etc.) and housing availability

Crime - Measure of recorded crime (burglary, theft, criminal damage and violence)

Living Env - Measure of indoor (quality of housing) and outdoor (RTAs and air quality) environments

Indices of Deprivation 2007 - Average IMD Scores by Devon Town
(A higher score represents a greater level of deprivation)



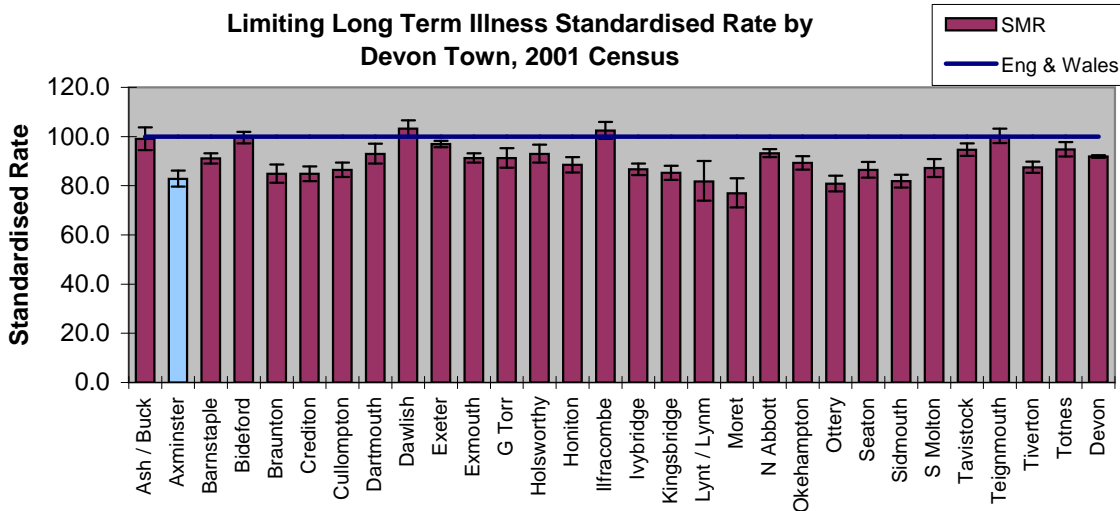
The Indices of Deprivation are reported on a small geography called Lower Super Output Areas (LSOA). These have been aggregated up to the Devon Town geography to allow for comparison between areas within Devon. The result of this is that the average score at a Devon Town level may mask neighbourhoods that the indices suggest are the most / least deprived.

Axminster has 10 LSOA's, of which none are in the most deprived quintile of LSOA's nationally and none are in the least deprived quintile.

Health and Social Care

HEALTH

- GP register (QoF) information suggests a greater percentage of the population registered with Hypertension, Heart Failure, Diabetes, CHD, Cancer and Atrial Fibrillation, when compared to the Devon average, other East Devon towns are generally similar
- However, death rates, when age standardised, are all below the Devon average, with the exception of Cancer and Accidental Injury which are in line with the Devon average
- Over representation in the proportion of the population who smoke
- The Axminster population is:
 - Over represented in new Outpatient attendances in community hospitals, but under represented for follow up appointments in community hospitals
 - Over represented in their use of Community Hospitals for Day Cases, Elective admissions and Mother & Baby
 - Under represented in their use of Acute hospitals for Day Cases, Elective admissions, Emergency admissions and Outpatient attendances
 - Under represented in A&E attendances



The chart above displays rates of self-report limiting long-term illness from the 2001 Census adjusted for age. A value of 100 represented by the line in the chart is the England & Wales average, and the bars represent rates for Devon towns. This reveals that Axminster is significantly below the national average and also below the Devon average.

SOCIAL CARE - Children’s & Young Persons (CYPS) and Adult & Community Services (ACS)

- Under represented rate of children in care for at least 12 months had a health assessment in 2006/07
- Over represented referral rate to Education Psychology since 1st September 2006
- Under represented in referrals into ACS from Primary Health for clients aged 18-64
- The Axminster population is:
 - Under represented in for clients aged 18 and over attending Day Care centres
 - Under represented in community-based care relating to Learning Disability budget clients; this supports the under representation of GP registered patients with a Learning Disability condition
 - Over represented for Health and Social Care clients aged 18 and over receiving an equipment or adaptation service during 2006/07

